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THE GAME OF BILLIARDS

Mr. George F. Slosson Tells How to Play It.

to Play Early in Life and Never Stop. Americans the Best Natural Play-ers-Frenchmon's Bessits Best.

COPPRIGHT 180). tion of almost all men and many women that I do not need to call more than gen-eral attention to it as a polite pastime. It eral attention to it as a polite pastime. It certainly ranks as one of the necessary accomplishments of a thorough gentleman, and as a sport it should, in my mind, be placed at the liesal of all; for chance enters into it in the very least degree; it requires head work of the most exacting kind, firm muscles and good bodily health, and skill that is developed only by long and careful training. It is a game that chilivates the gentlemanly qualities, courtesy, fairness, even generosity. So seldom is a dispute,



much less a quarrel, generated at the table, that when, on rare occasions, high words are heard over a game, everybody concludes at once that the disputants

words are heard over a game, everybody concludes at once that the disputants have no business with the cue.

In the course of many years' experience as a billiard player, various questions have been put to me about the game. I shall try to give an answer to all of them at this time and to anticipate some other questions which might naturally be asked. In respect to learning the game so as to be able to play it well, billiards is much like the plane and other musical instrulike the plano and other musical instruments. The first lessor must be taken early in life and practice must be unintermittent as long as a man is in the field. Few men can become good performers on the plano or violin, as I understand it, if they begin to play after arriving at mature years. By that these the fingers have become comparatively figld, and incapable of acquiring not eaple action, but delicacy of touch, without which a performance on the plano can never rank high. It is certainly the case in billiards. Delicacy and precision count for more than force, and delicacy can be acquired only by beginning early. I should say as a general rule that one who desires to become a good billiard player, should begin at the age of id or it. All the nusceics are supple at this time and the perceptive faculties lever. It is essentially the teachable age. One who begins esciler, that is at 7 or 8, as is the case with musicians, is liable learn more by role, and thus acquire a certain mechanical prodictsney which will be of little value until by the exercise of perception and indement the player learns how to treat a novel or difficult position on his own responsibility.

Few boys probably layer any distinct life at fifteen of making great experts of the most parties. Not that the calling of billiarits is low in any sense, but that the opportunities for good income from it are not generally recognized. It is locked mon properly sounds as a pastime, and yet combining so much mental and physical science as it does, it is entuently worthy of the study required to develop its possibilities on the part of those naturally qualified for the work. This brings up an important point not everybody, even by the most patient discipline, can become what I call a good player. There are certain natural qualifications that must be possessed by a billiard player, and as there care special talents for commerce, literature, the law, or the arise. Without them a man had better content himself with the fun of the game more deven and whitp like the plane and other musical instru-ments. The first lesson must be taken early in life and practice must be uninter-

commerce, literature, the law, or the aris. Without them a man had better content thinself with the fun of the same mederately played, and in this he will find plenty of recreation, grautine pleasure, and by choosing his antagonata properly, a great desi of that emulation, which is the life of all games and pursuits. It is a fact that beyond a certain point, no player can improve. This point varies with each individual, but in the individual it is absolutely fixed. It is not always reached by players, because not everybody knows how to develop his natural qualifications to their utmost; but when that has been done the most persistent gractice will add nothing to his effectiveness.



Amateurs who play pretty steadily for several years without apparent improvement are probably ignorant of many details in the game. They may not realize just how certain oft recurring positions may be best utilized. In such cases a great improvement may be effected by taking a few lessons from a professional, it should be understood, it not one who merely plays the game for stakes, but who makes his living out of the game. That is, one who devotes his entire attention to it. There are no first-class gamteurs in America. Mr. Orville Oddle, of fiscoklyn, the smatteur champion, is the nearrest approach to it. This may seem a startling statement to the many who play every day and who have among their personal friends men who run more than a hundred in rail play; but professionals generally will almit that it is true. The reason probably lies in the fact that few Americans devote enough of persistent attention to the game; but it is also a fact that Americans are naturally the fact that few Americans learn more quickly the French devote themselves more assiduously to practice.

To those who would play good billiards I would say avoid pool. The nature of the salvantage of either game. In pool the stroke in the two is so tills rent that no one can cultivate hoth kinds at once to the salvantage of either game. In pool the stoke is most employed, while in billiards there must be a long, swinging graceful motion.

The question of a comparison between billiards and chess has been suggested to me. I think ne one will accuse me of understaing chess when I say that billifards to the contracting parties contacted in front of the post-office at high noon, having ridden into town from opposite infections. There were no secondal played to the contracting parties contacted in front of the post-office at high noon, having ridden into town from opposite in front of the post-office at high noon, having ridden into town from opposite in front of the post-office at high noon, having ridden into town from opposite in the fact that the

The question of a comparison between billiards and chess has been suggested to me. I think no one will accuse me of underating chess when I say that billiards is the superior game. Strategic play is the controlling principal of chess, and it exercises a man's mind to the utmost; but every good billiard player knows that strategy also enters to a large degree in his game, when he seeks to play in such a way that if he fulls to score, the balls will lie so that his opponent will have the greatest possible difficulty in making a shot. No good game of billiards was ever played without the most concentrated attention

ion in one corner of the room, and the but probably the m rivals of our customer's best girl. were tit-twing among themselves and whispering about her.

Why the Preacher Cried. Why the Preacher Cried.

Some one asked a plain brother about a string preacher, and inquired: "Why is it that he ories and the congregation does not cry? How is it that he does all the crying?" The old man replied: "If you had to stand there where he stands, and had to talk he long as he has to, and jet had as little to say as he has, you would cry too."

TOMBSTONE SOCIETY.

directions. There were no seconds tlemen then resumed their journey, in company, in the other world-it is hoped in the most amicable manner, as the trouble was only about Bill's old wall-eyed horse. There will be a dual funeral from Murphy's saloon (pardon our thoughtiess pun), and all members of the Arizona Bonvolent Association sober enough to march that late in the morning are requested to

fairs of the senson. Several of ou prominent townsmen were surprised to learn that a german consists of nothlearn that a german consists of noth-ing that is particularly Teutonic, and now join in the fun poked at the three Irishmen who sent their sausages anyway. Bill Simpson led in the most approved New York fashion, and as he was a dead shot and was well heeled, every thing went off smoothly. Some of the figures were smoothly. Some of the figures were original and, to say the least, unique. The "lasso" figure, in which the gentlemen in one line lassed their opposites, was worthy of mention. The changes were signaled by the grace-fully careless discharge of a six-shooter, an innovation that ought to be-come popular in the East. Hung Up, the Chinaman, did the catering in the most satisfactory manner, especially as a number of guests recovered some napkins and table-cloths that they re-cently lost in their wash. —Tom Hall. cently lost in their wash.—Tom Hall, in Life.

ANCIENT BATTERING-RAMS. The Gigantic Engines of Destruction Used

probably as effective in knocking dow ram to disl'odge four stones! Vitruvius has left us the description

the ancient moving lower rams was twing among themselves and whispering about her.

The young lady looked in the glass and almost fainted at the sight. Her beautiful neck was almost black from the friction of the necklace. She changed her mind about fainting, returned home with her brother, and sent the necklace back to ber young man with a note that she did not like his brass.

I tested the necklace in his presence, and proved to him that it was full fourteen carats.

About that time a young physician called to purchase a scarf pin. He had arats.

About that time a young physician related to purchase a scarf plu. He had overheard part of the story and asked to hear the balance, as he believed he could throw some light on the subject.

Pretty soon he laughed outright and said: "Why, sir, the trouble is with your girl and not the neckiace. She has too much sulphur, iron, mercury, sait or acid in her blood, and as any of these substances has an affluiry for gold the explanation is clear. I have patients for whom mercurial have been prescribed, and the result is that their fingers upon which rings are worn discolor at oucc."

My customer cooled off and carried his purchase away.

Why the Prescher field. In front of each story there were loop-holes, screened by leather curtains, to keep out darts, arrows etc. Each story was provided with machines for throwing large stones and darts; and in the lower story was the ram itself, thirty fathoms long, and fashioned at the end into an iron beak, or prow.

more or less exposed to the enemy's darks and arrows; and so, to drive the enemy from the walls and open places, to break the roofs of his houses, and otherwise anney him, machines were necessary for throwing missiles, from small darks up to huge bowlders.—Lieuteannt W. R. Hamilton, in St. Nicholas.

regrets on the grounds that they did not care very much for sauerkrant and

They exerted greater power than any gun or cannon invented up to the year 1860. These battering-rams were a wall or staving in the side of a ship as the best modern cannon, but for making a breach, the guns are far superior. Such was the solidity and thickness of the walls of Jerusalem that, Josephus tells us, it took all of

The entire machine was moved for-ward by 3,500 soldiers.

But it can easily be understood that

among so many men some must be more or less exposed to the enemy's

The natural qualifications for billiards may be set down as (i) a good eye, (i) steady hand, (i) quick and accurate perception of dangles, (i) grace of movement. To these should be added that element of access is all undertakings, persistence. Without all these as boy had better take to some other game or tuniness, for be, can never develop inte acquiting better than a very moderate player. Anyone may learn the game so thoroughly that he can appreciate the first play, and even see how a shot must be made; but it is quites a different thing to take a cue to hand and excessed the shot. Assumbmentician might tell all expert player a volume of facts about the angles of play, the direction as ball will take after hitting a custion, at a given angle, the amount and kind of force required to send a ball from a given point te another and make a given angule, the amount and kind of force required to send a ball from a given point the another and make a given angule, the amount and kind of force required to send a ball from a given point to said the historian display closed.

Suppose, however, that a young man has all the natural qualifications for playing, then he mutavition fall keep his hand in after once beginning. A good eye and a steady hand must be trained, and an accurate idea of angles must be developed until the becomes second nature to select at once the right spot one cashion at water and a steady hand must be trained. And an accurate idea of angles must be developed until the becomes second nature to select a cone the right spot one cashion at water and a steady hand must be trained. And an accurate idea of angles must be developed until the becomes second nature to select at once the right spot one cashion at water and a steady hand must be developed until the becomes second nature to select at once the right spot one cashion at water and a steady hand must swing freely and maturity. The arm must swing freely and maturity. The arm must swing freely and maturity. The proposed into a step the cash of the cont

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late in the morning are requested to form line at ten a. m. as escort of honor.

The "German" given by Knights of Pityus, at Murphy's saloon, on Sunday, was one of the most brilliant af-



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